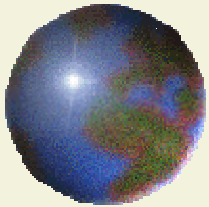


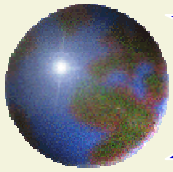


STUDY ON ESSENTIAL FACTORS ON GEO-DATA QUALITY



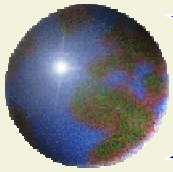
YANG Tieli

College of geo-exporation science and technology,jinlin
university,changchun,130026,P.R.C



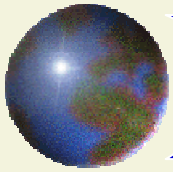
TOPICS

- ✚ What is Geo-data?
- ✚ How about the importance about the quality of Geo-data?
- ✚ Essential factors about Geo-data quality?
- ✚ Discussions and Conclusions



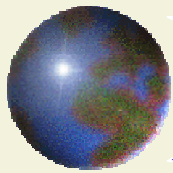
What is Geo-data?

- ⊕ Geo-data is a kind of science data which associated with geographical position on the globe or others.
- ⊕ Synonyms: spatial data, space data
- ⊕ Connected science: geography, surveying and mapping, GPS, GIS, RS, geomatics, et al.



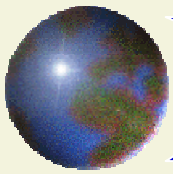
Some examples

- ⊕ Something in a certain place
- ⊕ Where is/are something in?
- ⊕ What property/attribute are the certain things?



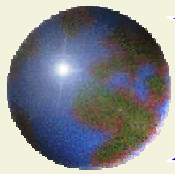
How about the importance about the quality of Geo-data?

- Geographic information plays an increasingly important role in our modern society. In many situations reliable and up-to-date spatial information is crucial, e.g. in disaster response systems. In other cases geographic information is an important input for decision-making processes of governments (urban planning, nature conservation), businesses (market exploration, location analysis) or individuals (tourist information, real estate prices).
- So geo_data must present a true situation about a spatial object's attributes. Its quality can be expressed as follows,



How about the importance about the quality of Geo-data?(continued)

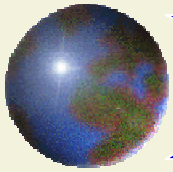
- ⊕ location data
- ⊕ attribute data
- ⊕ data management
- ⊕ data reproducing
- ⊕ uncertainties
- ⊕ effectiveness for real time
- ⊕ data output
- ⊕ sharing exchange
- ⊕ legal dispute



Essential factors about Geo-data quality?

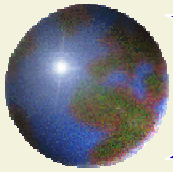
1.location data

- ✚ A group of data, such as (longitude, latitude, elevation) and (x, y, z) and so on!
- ✚ Relationship between/among Spatial objects, such as joint, orientation et al.
- ✚ directions, such as azimuth, lower/higher



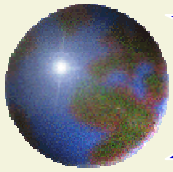
2.attribute data

- ⊕ Owner of a certain area or cadastral unit
- ⊕ Area and perimeter of a certain spatial object
- ⊕ Color, vegetation type



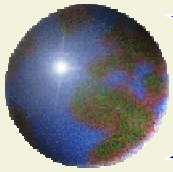
3.data management

- ⊕ Structure of spatial database
- ⊕ Data input,edit and so so
- ⊕ Queries according to objects/attributes



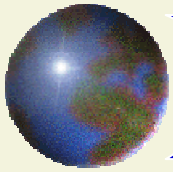
4.data reproducing

- ⊕ Density of population/pollutions
- ⊕ Add up/average of some attributes of a certain spatial object
- ⊕ the processing model



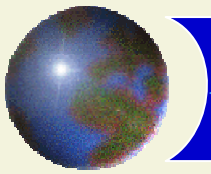
5.uncertainties

- ⊕ Fuzzy boundary
- ⊕ gradual changing boundary
- ⊕ Determinant attribute according to different criteria,such as amount,area or others
- ⊕ Round numbers



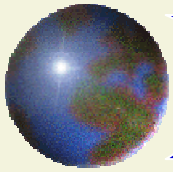
6.effectiveness for real time

- ✚ A spatial object has spatial-temporal attribute,so the existence of a certain object must be existed in a certain place (spatial attribute) and during a period of certain time (temporal attribute)



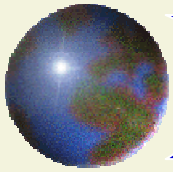
7.data output

- ⊕ Figure
- ⊕ Table
- ⊕ 2D or 3D
- ⊕ Visualization



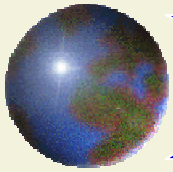
8.sharing exchange

- ✚ Share
- ✚ Exchange
- ✚ Check



9.legal dispute

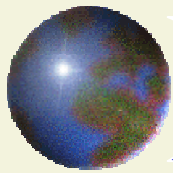
- ⊕ Loss/lack aroused by using spatial data
- ⊕ Legal and illegal
- ⊕



Discussions and Conclusions

- ⊕ the location accuracy
- ⊕ the effectiveness for real time
- ⊕ the processing model

Are taking as the primary factors for appraisal geography data reliability.



many thanks!